



ORTAÖĞRETİM
GENEL MÜDÜRLÜĞÜ



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YKS DENEMELERİ

YDT

İNGİLİZCE

4. DENEME

ADI VE SOYADI

OKUL ADI

ADAYIN İMZASI

ADAYIN DİKKATİNE!

1. Bu sınavda YDT soru dağılımları dikkate alınmıştır.
2. Deneme tam kapsam olup YDT konularının tamamını kapsamaktadır.
3. Bu sınav 80 soru içermektedir.

OGM
MATERYAL

Bu testlerin her hakkı saklıdır. Hangi amaçla olursa olsun, testlerin tamamının veya bir kısmının Millî Eğitim Bakanlığının yazılı izni olmadan kopya edilmesi, fotoğrafının çekilmesi, herhangi bir yolla çoğaltılması, yayımlanması ya da kullanılması yasaktır. Bu yasağa uymayanlar gerekli cezai sorumluluğu ve testlerin hazırlanmasındaki mali külfeti peşinen kabullenmiş sayılır.

AÇIKLAMA

1. Bu kitapçıkta **80 soru** bulunmaktadır.
2. Bu sınav için verilen cevaplama süresi **120 dakikadır (2 saat)**.
3. **Bu sınav puanlanırken doğru cevaplarınızın sayısından yanlış cevaplarınızın sayısının dörtte biri çıkarılacak ve kalan sayı bu test ile ilgili ham puanınız olacaktır.**
4. Kitapçığın sayfalarındaki boş yerleri müsvedde için kullanabilirsiniz.
5. Cevaplamaya istediğiniz sorudan başlayabilirsiniz. Bir soru ile ilgili cevabınızı, cevap kâğıdında o soru için ayrılmış olan yere işaretlemeyi unutmayınız.
6. Bu kitapçıkta yer alan her sorunun sadece bir doğru cevabı vardır. Cevap kâğıdında bir soru için birden çok cevap yeri işaretlenmişse o soru yanlış cevaplanmış sayılacaktır. İşaretlediğiniz bir cevabı değiştirmek istediğinizde silme işlemi çok iyi yapmanız gerektiğini unutmayınız.

1. - 15. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Newly planted trees require sufficient water and nutrients to ensure healthy growth and smooth ---- to the environment after transplantation.

A) adaptation
B) extinction
C) dedication
D) obligation
E) rejection

2. High temperatures and humidity cause ---- effects in certain metals, such as loss of mechanical strength and reduced durability.

A) relevant
B) sceptical
C) adverse
D) offensive
E) compelling

3. Cultural differences may ---- give rise to misunderstandings, but these can be clarified through patience and mutual respect.

A) privately
B) initially
C) fluently
D) cautiously
E) bitterly

4. Readers gain a clearer understanding of authors' works when they read autobiographies that ---- personal motivations and experiences.

A) overlook
B) disclose
C) withstand
D) exclude
E) enforce

5. As a result of excessive sugar consumption, fat ---- in the liver over time, increasing the risk of metabolic disorders.

A) works out
B) hides away
C) takes off
D) centres on
E) builds up

6. Captain Cook ---- one of history's most skilled navigators and explorers, as he ---- uncharted territories with remarkable accuracy.

A) was considered / might have mapped
B) is considered / was able to map
C) has been considered / should have mapped
D) will be considered / could map
E) had been considered / would map

7. During summer football matches, referees ---- water breaks regularly ---- dehydration and heat-related illnesses among players.

- A) can schedule / being prevented
- B) must schedule / to be preventing
- C) would schedule / preventing
- D) may schedule / to have prevented
- E) should schedule / to prevent

8. Mangroves ---- along tropical and subtropical coastlines help reduce erosion by ---- sediment with their extensive root systems.

- A) growing / stabilising
- B) grown / having stabilised
- C) to grow / being stabilised
- D) having grown / stabilised
- E) grow / to be stabilising

9. Developers are optimising apps ---- voice commands after seeing rising demand ---- mobility-impaired users.

- A) in / upon
- B) at / with
- C) for / from
- D) about / of
- E) by / among

10. Collaborations ---- culinary schools and local farms ---- farm-to-table experiences are opening up new food tourism opportunities across Japan.

- A) at / as
- B) among / by
- C) with / of
- D) between / on
- E) from / in

11. Artificial intelligence can identify patterns in medical scans faster than doctors; ----, it needs human supervision to avoid dangerous mistakes.

- A) however
- B) otherwise
- C) in other words
- D) moreover
- E) for example

12. Some octopus species can regrow entire limbs ---- they are under continuous stress or suffer from infections that prevent proper healing.

- A) as long as
- B) after
- C) since
- D) so that
- E) unless

13. ---- mediaeval alchemists attempted to produce gold, yet ---- succeeded despite years of experimentation and effort.

- A) Some / everybody
- B) Several / anybody
- C) Few / nobody
- D) A number of / someone
- E) Many / no one

14. Reading a poem is like opening a window to someone else's soul; ---- we reflect on their emotions, ---- we understand our own.

- A) neither / nor
- B) the more / the more
- C) as / as
- D) whether / or
- E) such / that

15. Authorities restricted entries into the Chernobyl reactor area immediately after the explosion ---- radioactive contamination.

- A) in spite of
- B) rather than
- C) for fear of
- D) as well as
- E) in the hope of

16. - 20. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük veya ifadeyi bulunuz.

Wearable technologies, like smartwatches, have become a popular way to monitor personal health. These devices can track heart rate, sleep patterns, and physical activity, giving users real-time info about their overall well-being. Many people find this (16)---- feedback motivating, helping them set goals and stay on track with their fitness routines. (17)----, some users develop 'tracking anxiety', becoming overly focused on daily metrics. (18)---- promoting well-being, the data can cause stress or even unhealthy competition. While wearable technologies offer clear benefits in encouraging positive habits, they can also negatively affect mental health when (19)----. To ensure these tools remain helpful rather than harmful, users must pair their benefits (20)---- a balanced and mindful approach.

- 16. A) anonymous
B) constant
C) foreseeable
D) deterrent
E) destructive
- 17. A) Nevertheless
B) Likewise
C) In conclusion
D) Namely
E) For this reason
- 18. A) Similar to
B) By means of
C) Instead of
D) As a result of
E) With regard to
- 19. A) overused
B) to be overused
C) overusing
D) having overused
E) to overuse
- 20. A) into
B) along
C) over
D) upon
E) with

21. - 28. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. ---- due to the intense anxiety and avoidance behaviours they experience.

- A) Many researchers argue that phobias are essentially irrational
- B) Childhood phobias are most common between the ages of five and nine
- C) Individuals with phobias often struggle with daily activities
- D) People suffering from phobias have a history of a traumatic or frightening event
- E) Therapists have been experimenting with virtual reality to reduce some phobias

22. With the aim of protecting their food supplies throughout the year, ----.

- A) the Inca built cold storage houses high in the Andes
- B) farmers in ancient Egypt carved hieroglyphs to record harvests
- C) the Maya tracked celestial movements with great precision
- D) the Ottomans built massive stone bridges across Anatolia
- E) tall, defensive walls were built by Chinese workers around entire cities

23. Despite the convenience of mass-produced goods, ----.

- A) some consumers ignore the importance of cultural heritage
- B) culture significantly influences the designs of products
- C) traditional crafts remain highly valued in many cultures
- D) these products are cheaper than handmade items
- E) machines produce almost everything faster than humans

24. ----, yet it often creates new, more complex issues in the end.

- A) Most people now use smartphones for entertainment and communication
- B) The development of new materials has opened doors to advanced engineering
- C) Human curiosity drives continuous exploration of space and the universe
- D) The ultimate goal of innovation is to solve human problems and improve lives
- E) Not every technological breakthrough is welcomed by all segments of society

25. Paediatricians track a child's growth charts at each appointment ----.

- A) since parents share observations about behaviour, appetite, or energy levels
- B) so that they can detect early signs of developmental delays or nutritional issues
- C) even though minor illnesses are common in early childhood
- D) if they observe significant changes in measurements from the previous visit
- E) although parental concerns are also taken into consideration during the evaluation

26. ----, those who are truly fortunate know that contentment comes from inner peace.

- A) Whenever people invest time in learning new skills or improving themselves
- B) Unless individuals understand that failure is an essential part of growth
- C) As long as people try to follow trends instead of finding their own path
- D) While some people chase material possessions to feel fulfilled
- E) Since some waste too much energy worrying about what they cannot change

27. ----, some viewers choose ad-supported options as a more affordable alternative.

- A) Although streaming platforms require credit card information upon registration
- B) While some prefer watching new releases as soon as they come out
- C) Provided that users can watch multiple series at once without ads
- D) If premium plans include additional benefits for loyal subscribers
- E) Because streaming platforms charge higher fees for ad-free subscriptions

28. Many popular films show Vikings wearing helmets with large horns; ----.

- A) on the contrary, modern historians often include horns in reconstructions
- B) therefore, horns became an essential part of Viking military equipment
- C) however, no Viking-era helmet ever discovered by archaeologists has horns
- D) in fact, this design helped frighten their opponents on the battlefield
- E) similarly, ancient Celts also decorated their helmets with horns

29. - 31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Microbial art is a unique artistic method that uses living microorganisms to create designs on agar, a gel-like material that supports their growth. These organisms are placed inside a shallow, round container called a petri dish. In this unusual medium, artists 'paint' by carefully placing bacteria, fungi, or yeast onto the agar surface. They select specific microbial species for their distinct array of colours and textures to craft images ranging from abstract compositions to realistic portraits.

This process demands strict control of incubation conditions, such as temperature and duration, to achieve predictable visual results. Since the organisms continue to grow after application, artists need to calculate how much the colonies will expand. This helps ensure design coherence in the final artwork. The resulting artworks remain biologically active, which poses challenges for archiving due to their unavoidable biological decay over time. Therefore, preservation methods like refrigeration or resin sealing are required.

29. The underlined phrase 'this process' in the passage refers to ----.

- A) controlling the incubation conditions
- B) the act of crafting images from abstract to realistic portraits
- C) creating art by using living microorganisms
- D) the placement of bacteria, fungi, or yeast onto the agar surface
- E) the selection of microbes for their colour and texture

30. Which of the following is true according to the passage?

- A) The necessity for preservation methods stems from the ongoing biological activity of the artworks.
- B) Artists use viruses as their primary medium for creating different colours and textures.
- C) The primary purpose of incubation is to speed up the microbial growth process as much as possible.
- D) Artists choose microbial species mainly for their resistance to refrigeration and sealing.
- E) Calculating colony expansion rates is optional for artists who want abstract results.

31. It can be inferred from the passage that artists who practise microbial art must ----.

- A) develop new preservation techniques to counteract biological decay
- B) be familiar with both biological processes and design principles
- C) specialise in one type of microorganism to ensure colour consistency
- D) work quickly to finish their designs before microbial growth begins
- E) create their own petri dishes from scratch to control the exact size and shape

32. - 34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Vermicomposting is a biological process in which earthworms convert organic waste into nutrient-rich compost. This method uses the digestive process of worms to break down fruit peels, vegetable scraps, and other biodegradable materials into a substance that improves soil fertility. One of the key advantages of vermicomposting is its simplicity, as it requires only a suitable container, appropriate bedding material, and regular feeding. Because it can be carried out at the household level, even in urban settings, it provides a practical alternative to traditional waste management methods. Additionally, vermicomposting significantly reduces dependence on chemical fertilisers, which are often associated with soil degradation, water pollution, and biodiversity loss. By serving as a natural alternative to chemicals, vermicomposting supports healthier ecosystems and sustainable agriculture.

32. According to the passage, what is the role of earthworms in vermicomposting?

- A) They generate natural compost without any need for human care.
- B) They speed up the chemical breakdown process of synthetic fertilisers.
- C) They directly replace chemical fertilisers in modern agriculture.
- D) They decompose organic matter and produce natural compost.
- E) They increase biodiversity by attracting different species to gardens.

33. According to the passage, vermicomposting contributes to sustainability by ----.

- A) producing fertiliser much faster than other known methods
- B) making gardens productive without any maintenance
- C) transforming all household waste into compost
- D) providing immediate and complete soil restoration
- E) reducing chemical use and supporting ecosystem health

34. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?

- A) The Advantages of Natural and Chemical Fertilisers in Agriculture
- B) Contemporary Composting Methods That Improve Soil Health
- C) Challenges of Managing Organic Waste in Urban Areas
- D) An Eco-Friendly Method for Waste and Soil Management
- E) Simple Household Waste Management Techniques

35. - 37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Legends claim that the first soap was discovered when animal fat from sacrifices mixed with ash near riverbanks, creating a substance that cleansed textiles. Chemists later explained this reaction as saponification, where fats combine with alkaline substances to form soap molecules. In this reaction, one end of the molecule attaches to grease, while the other interacts with water, allowing dirt to be washed away. While the exact date and origins of soap use remain uncertain, archaeological records suggest that the Babylonians, and later the Romans, produced and used soap, though it was often harsh on the skin. Its simple recipes gradually evolved from crude lye-based mixtures to bars enriched with olive oil and herbs. By the Industrial Revolution, factories mass-produced soap. Over the course of history, soap has proved to be more than a household item by reducing infections and helping cities grow healthier. What had once been an accidental discovery now serves a crucial function in medicine, hygiene, and public health.

35. According to the passage, which of the following is true about the early use of soap?

- A) Soap was invented by the Romans during the Industrial Revolution.
- B) The Babylonians used soap, but it was typically rough for the skin.
- C) Soap was immediately recognised in the field of medicine.
- D) Archaeological records prove that soap was invented by chemists.
- E) Soap was widely enriched with olive oil from the very beginning.

36. One can understand from the passage that the mass production of soap ----.

- A) caused its quality to decrease compared to handmade versions
- B) eliminated the use of natural ingredients like olive oil and herbs
- C) was restricted only to medical purposes rather than households
- D) marked a turning point in making hygiene accessible to more people
- E) ended the traditional use of saponification in soap-making

37. What is the main purpose of the passage?

- A) To explain the scientific process of how soap is produced and its chemical properties
- B) To describe the evolution of soap from its uncertain origins to its modern role in society
- C) To highlight the role of industrialisation in shaping factories and mass production
- D) To argue that soap was more important in ancient times than in the Industrial period
- E) To show the difference between early soaps and soaps in modern times

38. - 40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Holographic telepresence technology is expected to change the way people communicate over long distances. Unlike current video calls, which flatten and limit interaction, holograms can replicate gestures, expressions, and spatial orientation. In order to test the effectiveness of the technology, a European university and a tech start-up collaborated to conduct an experiment. Participants were able to communicate as if they were actually in the same room. Although problems like slow Internet and low projection quality still exist, recent advances in laser projection and artificial intelligence suggest that holographic communication could become widespread within ten years. In the near future, it could be used for business meetings, online classes, or even medical consultations, allowing doctors to 'see' patients in three dimensions. When widely adopted, it could dissolve geographical barriers, transforming the world as profoundly as the Internet once did.

38. According to the passage, during the experiment, participants ----.

- A) faced only technical failures, such as poor Internet connection
- B) realised that holograms could not be used for educational purposes
- C) experienced communication that felt as natural as face-to-face interaction
- D) were unable to use gestures or facial expressions in the holograms
- E) reported that video calls were more effective than holographic tests

39. It can be inferred from the passage that holographic telepresence ----.

- A) may reduce the need for physical travel in business and education
- B) is unlikely to improve further because of current problems
- C) is already more popular than traditional video conferencing
- D) has no potential to be used in international business or trade
- E) will only be used in universities and research institutions

40. The author compares the potential of holographic telepresence to the Internet mainly to ----.

- A) show that both technologies face similar technical problems
- B) suggest that the Internet will soon become outdated
- C) prove that holograms will completely replace the Internet
- D) explain why people are hesitant to adopt new technologies
- E) emphasise that it could have a transformative global impact

41. - 43. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Alice in Wonderland Syndrome (AIWS), a rare neurological condition named after Lewis Carroll's famous story, alters the way people perceive the world around them. Instead of seeing objects in their real proportions, patients may experience dramatic distortions, such as a cup appearing enormous or a hand looking unusually tiny. Interestingly, these strange illusions are not caused by the eyes but by abnormal brain activity, which is often associated with migraines, epilepsy, or certain infections. Episodes usually last from a few minutes to a few hours, yet they can be deeply unsettling, especially for children, who are most likely to be affected by the disorder. Although AIWS is generally harmless and tends to fade with age, doctors regard it as a potential warning since it may signal other health problems. Indeed, the syndrome attracts the interest of researchers across disciplines, from neurology to psychology, eager to understand its profound implications for human consciousness.

41. Which of the following statements about AIWS is true according to the passage?

- A) It involves changes in perception, making objects seem larger or smaller than they actually are.
- B) It occurs as a result of irregularities in the eyes rather than the brain.
- C) It is a common disorder that affects the majority of the population at some point in their lives.
- D) It is said to have inspired Lewis Carroll when he wrote his famous story.
- E) It is a purely psychological phenomenon with no known physical cause.

42. It is pointed out in the passage that ----.

- A) AIWS leads to the development of epilepsy in the majority of patients
- B) the disorder's episodes are typically brief but can be highly distressing
- C) AIWS is a permanent, incurable condition that gets worse with age
- D) adults are more likely than children to go through episodes of the syndrome
- E) migraines directly trigger the unusual brain activity seen in AIWS patients

43. According to the passage, doctors take AIWS seriously because it ----.

- A) can prevent patients from performing basic daily tasks
- B) has potential implications for understanding human consciousness
- C) might indicate other underlying medical issues that may require attention
- D) is frequently misdiagnosed as a severe psychiatric disorder
- E) requires immediate medical intervention to prevent long-term effects

44. - 48. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

44. Alexander:

- I've been trying to write short stories, but I'm never happy with the way they turn out.

Writing Coach:

– ----

Alexander:

- Just a few online guides. Yet they didn't really help me improve my writing.

Writing Coach:

- That's fine. We'll start by working on structure and character development and then move on to plot and dialogue.

- A) Will you share any of your work with a well-known publishing house?
- B) What kind of books do you usually enjoy reading?
- C) How often do you revise your drafts before giving up?
- D) Have you ever taken any courses or read about story writing techniques?
- E) What topics do you usually choose for your short stories?

45. Denise:

- I came across this thing called a walkable roller coaster. People actually climb and walk on the track instead of riding.

Pearl:

– ----

Denise:

- Maybe for some, but it lets you explore the structure and enjoy the view in a unique way.

Pearl:

- Well, if I want to walk, I'd rather go to the park. At least there, I don't have to climb.

- A) It could be fun for photography enthusiasts. The height allows for panoramic shots.
- B) That sounds like a good workout, since climbing up the tracks requires a lot of energy.
- C) That doesn't make sense. A roller coaster is supposed to be fast and exciting.
- D) I'd like to experience that. I'm actually terrified of regular roller coasters.
- E) As long as it doesn't feel like an ordinary climb, it might be interesting to give it a try.

46. Meg:

- **Did you know that there was a 16th-century king in Central America who declared war just for exotic feathers?**

Suna:

– ----

Meg:

- **They were highly valuable for religious ceremonies and royal costumes.**

Suna:

- **Still, imagine fighting a battle just for bird feathers!**

- A) Let me guess. Were the feathers unimportant in themselves, yet symbolic?
- B) Did collecting feathers reflect the king's interest in exotic wildlife?
- C) I don't get it. Why would anyone care about feathers?
- D) Feathers must have been a common item with no special value.
- E) Isn't the story purely fictional without historical evidence?

47. Ben:

- **I find it tricky to manage our group project online.**

Ethan:

- **That sounds frustrating. What seems to be the main issue?**

Ben:

– ----

Ethan:

- **I get that. But I think using shared files and having regular catch-ups can make teamwork much smoother.**

- A) We often get confused because everyone has a different version of the project documents.
- B) Some tasks are too complex, and nobody is sure how to divide the workload fairly.
- C) It's difficult to agree on the design tools since everyone prefers a different platform.
- D) The Internet connection keeps dropping, which makes online meetings almost impossible.
- E) We don't have a clear co-ordinator, so decisions take too long and tasks overlap.

48. Interviewer:

- I heard scientists are trying ‘coral gardening’. Can you explain what that is?

Marine Biologist:

- Sure. It’s a method of growing small coral fragments in nurseries and then planting them back into damaged reefs.

Interviewer:

– ----

Marine Biologist:

- They shelter marine life, protect coasts, and support fish that communities rely on.

- A) Are there any well-known sites where coral reefs attract many divers?
- B) How do scientists determine the age of a coral reef?
- C) What are the main differences between corals and other marine species?
- D) How do restored coral reefs benefit both nature and people?
- E) Why are some tourists discouraged from visiting coral reefs?

49. - 53. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

49. Although high-speed trains shorten long journeys, they require large investments in infrastructure.

- A) Though high-speed trains are true game-changers for long journeys, this level of comfort can be really costly.
- B) While high-speed trains do cut travel times by half, they are expensive and need extensive infrastructure upgrades.
- C) The heavy expense of high-speed trains is primarily due to the fact that they reduce the length of journeys.
- D) Investments in infrastructure are massive, but the benefits of shorter travel times from high-speed trains are worth it.
- E) Despite offering major journey-time reductions, high-speed trains necessitate substantial infrastructure expenditure.

50. The QWERTY keyboard layout was created in the 1870s to prevent typewriter jams, not speed up typing.

- A) Rather than increasing typing speed, the QWERTY keyboard was designed to stop jams in typewriters in the 1870s.
- B) The QWERTY keyboard layout, introduced in the 1870s, aimed to prevent mechanical jams as well as to increase speed.
- C) Although it appeared to improve typing, the QWERTY keyboard layout was actually made to avoid typewriter jams in the 1870s.
- D) People may assume it was for typing fast, but the QWERTY keyboard layout from the 1870s was intended to stop typewriter jams.
- E) Because typewriter jams reduced typing speed in the 1870s, the QWERTY keyboard layout was designed to prevent them.

51. Sherlock Holmes often relies on cold logic, yet sometimes his intuition guides him to solve mysteries that reason alone cannot.

- A) Although Sherlock Holmes usually trusts his intuition, his logic occasionally helps him solve mysteries that instincts alone cannot.
- B) While Sherlock Holmes typically distrusts rational deduction, his instincts at times direct him towards solutions beyond mere reasoning.
- C) Even if Sherlock Holmes is logical, it may be his instincts that lead him to uncover mysteries that cannot be explained by reason.
- D) Sherlock Holmes primarily uses objective analysis, and it is his logic that reveals answers inaccessible to intuition.
- E) Sherlock Holmes often depends on detached reasoning, but sometimes his instincts enable him to solve cases beyond rationality.

52. From the mid-19th century, hospitals that sterilised surgical tools drastically reduced deaths from post-operative infections.

- A) If hospitals in the middle of the 19th century had sterilised their surgical instruments, they would not have faced infections after surgery.
- B) Hospitals began to reduce post-operative deaths considerably from the mid-19th century onwards by sterilising their surgical equipment.
- C) Deaths caused by surgical infections were inevitable in mid-19th-century hospitals because sterilisation methods were unknown.
- D) The spread of infection in the hospitals of the mid-19th century occurred mainly because medical staff did not sterilise surgical tools.
- E) Even though hospitals in the mid-19th century adopted sterilisation, most patients still died of infections after surgical operations.

53. Unless they are under the supervision of a certified instructor, beginners should avoid trying advanced manoeuvres in wingsuit flying.

- A) Even if they are taught by a certified instructor, beginners must refrain from trying difficult moves while flying in a wingsuit.
- B) Attempting advanced manoeuvres in wingsuit flying is acceptable for those who have received training with experienced instructors.
- C) Beginners are advised not to attempt advanced manoeuvres in wingsuit flying if they are not supervised by a trained instructor.
- D) Under controlled conditions, certified instructors might permit beginners to perform difficult moves while flying in a wingsuit.
- E) The supervision of a trained instructor is the only way beginners can safely perform advanced manoeuvres in wingsuit flying.

54. - 58. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

54. During a seminar on ancient civilisations, a student expresses an idea that seems unusual. You want to respond in a way that encourages open discussion without making him feel judged. So you say: ----

- A) I understand your point, but we should stick to the main historical facts.
- B) That's an interesting perspective; could you explain what led you to that conclusion?
- C) It might be helpful to hear from others as well; what do you think?
- D) You may be right, though I think we should focus on better-documented evidence.
- E) That's a point I hadn't considered, but it might be better to move to a different topic.

55. You have been struggling with deadlines this semester and failed to submit your paper again. You politely ask your professor for more time, but she is clearly frustrated with repeated delays, so she firmly says: ----

- A) You're clearly uninterested in the course, so consider dropping it altogether.
- B) You needn't worry because deadlines are only a suggestion, not a requirement.
- C) You should be excused since late work shows creativity and deeper thinking.
- D) You've had sufficient time already, and I cannot allow any further extensions.
- E) You should write shorter papers since long ones always take too much time.

56. Your brother is planning to join a neighbourhood clean-up event. You know that this activity is essential for protecting the environment and improving the local area. Feeling proud, you say: ----

- A) It's a wonderful way to make a positive impact on the environment.
- B) Joining the clean-up is OK, but planting trees would be more effective for nature.
- C) I think you should stay at home instead; you might get sick after the event.
- D) That sounds fun. Maybe you'll even meet some new people there.
- E) You could donate to an environmental charity; it's easier and still helpful.

57. Your cousin, who lives in Germany and has already been to Türkiye several times, once again plans to stay only in İstanbul during her trip. Since you do not want her to miss the country's other cultural and natural beauties, you say: ----

- A) İstanbul is a big city, so you'll never have time to see everything there.
- B) Don't forget that Türkiye has much more to offer beyond İstanbul's attractions.
- C) If you stay in İstanbul, you won't have to waste time on long journeys.
- D) The traffic in İstanbul is terrible, so you shouldn't rent a car to move around.
- E) İstanbul is beautiful, but it might be too crowded for you to fully enjoy.

58. You are playing an online team game with friends. One of your teammates keeps making negative comments about others' performance, and it is affecting the mood badly. You want to keep things friendly, so you say: ----

- A) Interesting strategy: complain until everyone plays better. Let's see if it works.
- B) If you're so good at this game, why don't you play it alone next time?
- C) I think the connection is slowing down; that's why things aren't going smoothly.
- D) No one wants to hear you complain; just quit the game if it's really that bad.
- E) This is just a game; let's try to have fun instead of blaming each other.

59. - 63. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere, parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

59. Stroke patients often require rehabilitation to regain movement and independence. Therapists design exercises to strengthen muscles and improve co-ordination. ---- With consistent practice, patients can rebuild confidence and restore daily activities.

- A) Although improvement can sometimes be quick, lasting recovery depends largely on advanced equipment.
- B) In most cases, daily routines replace therapy sessions, reducing the need for structured rehabilitation exercises.
- C) Progress is usually gradual, requiring patience and steady commitment from both patients and therapists.
- D) Many clinics provide group sessions, yet these settings do not always meet the individual needs of every patient.
- E) Patients sometimes prefer alternative treatments, such as acupuncture or herbal medicine, to conventional rehabilitation.

60. Pablo Picasso was a Spanish painter and sculptor. Despite being famous for co-founding the Cubist movement, he explored various styles and techniques repeatedly. ---- Each of these contributed to the development of his unique artistic vision.

- A) Picasso's art often reflected social and political issues of his time.
- B) During the Rose Period, his works became warmer and more cheerful in tone.
- C) His famous work, *Guernica* portrays a scene that symbolises pain and destruction.
- D) He experimented with colour, form, and perspective in different periods.
- E) Many of his works were inspired by Spanish culture and traditions.

61. During weddings or festivals, people come together to dance *horon* in the Black Sea region. They gather in a circle, shoulders touching, their feet pounding the earth in a rhythm that feels like the waves crashing on the coast. The *kemençe* makes hearts beat faster, and everyone moves together. ---- If one dancer steps out of rhythm, the harmony breaks, because *horon* is about unity, not solo talent.

- A) The dance is performed in silence so that the focus remains entirely on the movements.
- B) Each dancer is free to improvise their own style without paying attention to the others.
- C) It requires all dancers to move in perfect synchrony with the same pace.
- D) In the past, *horon* was also performed by a single person, without group participation.
- E) The costumes are more important than the music that accompanies the dance.

62. The transportation of the massive Moai statues on Easter Island remains a subject of intense debate among researchers. These multi-tonne monoliths were carved inland and then moved over several kilometres to their coastal platforms. ---- This theory is supported by the discovery of parallel worn paths from the quarry, possibly used as tracks for a sledge-like vehicle.

- A) Oral traditions passed down by the Rapa Nui people tell of the statues 'walking' across the island with divine assistance.
- B) Some researchers propose that the statues were laid on large wooden sledges and pulled over log rails.
- C) Analysis of the volcanic rock suggests it was chosen for its relative softness, making it easier to carve.
- D) The number of statues abandoned along ancient roadways indicates that the transportation process often failed.
- E) The societal organisation required for such a colossal effort must have been highly complex and stratified.

63. Emotional intelligence is more than simply recognising emotions; it involves using that awareness to guide behaviour and improve relationships. People with higher emotional intelligence are often better at handling stress, resolving conflicts, and communicating effectively. ---- For instance, a manager who can sense rising tension in a meeting may redirect the discussion before it gets worse.

- A) Some critics argue that this ability is less important than technical skills when it comes to achieving professional success.
- B) In contrast, people with low emotional intelligence often struggle to recognise even their own feelings.
- C) The concept has gained popularity in recent years as businesses search for ways to improve productivity.
- D) This skill helps them notice emotions in themselves and others, allowing for more thoughtful responses in various situations.
- E) There is a common belief that emotional intelligence is an inborn ability rather than a learnt skill.

64. - 69. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

64. Clinical trials are a type of research that examines new diagnostics and treatments and evaluates their impacts on human health.

- A) Klinik araştırmalar, yeni tanı yöntemlerini ve tedavileri inceleyen ve bunların insan sağlığı üzerindeki etkilerini değerlendiren bir araştırma türüdür.
- B) Bir araştırma türü olarak klinik araştırmalar, yeni tanı yöntemlerini ve tedavileri inceler ve bunların insan sağlığı üzerindeki sonuçlarını değerlendirir.
- C) Yeni tanı yöntemlerini ve tedavileri inceleyen ve bunların insan sağlığı üzerindeki sonuçlarını değerlendiren araştırmalara klinik araştırmalar denir.
- D) İnsan sağlığı üzerindeki etkileri değerlendirilen yeni tanı yöntemleri ve tedaviler, klinik araştırmalar adı verilen bir araştırma türünün konusudur.
- E) Klinik araştırmalar, yeni tanı yöntemlerini ve tedavileri inceleyerek bunların insan sağlığına nasıl etkide bulunduğunu değerlendiren bir araştırma türüdür.

65. Joining a guided tour is a great way to see the highlights, but adhering to a strict itinerary may sometimes feel restrictive.

- A) Katı bir güzergâha bağlı kalmak her ne kadar bazen kısıtlayıcı hissettirse de rehberli bir tura katılmak önemli yerleri görmenin harika bir yoludur.
- B) Rehberli bir tura katılmak, önemli yerleri görmek için harika bir yoldur ancak katı bir güzergâha bağlı kalmak bazen kısıtlayıcı hissettirebilir.
- C) Katı bir güzergâha bağlı kalmak bazen kısıtlayıcı hissettirse de rehberli bir tura katılmak önemli yerleri görmenin harika bir yoludur.
- D) Önemli yerleri görmenin en iyi yollarından biri rehberli bir tura katılmaktır ancak katı bir güzergâha bağlı kalmak bazen kısıtlayıcı gelebilir.
- E) Rehberli bir tura katılmak, harika yerleri görmenizi sağlar ancak katı bir güzergâha bağlı kalma zorunluluğu bazen kısıtlayıcı hissettirebilir.

66. Despite growing public awareness about sustainability, global consumption of single-use plastics continues to rise.

- A) Tek kullanımlık plastiklerin küresel tüketimi, sürdürülebilirlik konusundaki artan kamuoyu bilincine rağmen gitgide yükselmektedir.
- B) Sürdürülebilirlik konusunda kamuoyu bilinci artmaya devam etse de tek kullanımlık plastiklerin küresel tüketimi yükselmeye devam etmektedir.
- C) Sürdürülebilirliğe yönelik kamuoyu bilinci artsa da tek kullanımlık plastiklerin küresel tüketimindeki yükseliş devam etmektedir.
- D) Kamuoyunda sürdürülebilirliğe yönelik bilincin artmasına rağmen tek kullanımlık plastikler küresel tüketimde yükselişine devam etmektedir.
- E) Sürdürülebilirlik konusundaki artan kamuoyu bilincine rağmen tek kullanımlık plastiklerin küresel tüketimi yükselmeye devam etmektedir.

67. Burns caused by hot liquids should be kept under running water for at least ten minutes without delay in order to minimise skin damage.

- A) Sıcak sıvıların neden olduğu yanıklar, cilt hasarını en aza indirmek için vakit kaybetmeden, en az on dakika akan suyun altında tutulmalıdır.
- B) Sıcak sıvılardan kaynaklanan yanıklarda yanık bölge, doku hasarını azaltmak için hemen, en az on dakika boyunca akan suyun altında tutulmalıdır.
- C) Sıcak sıvılardan dolayı yanık yaşandığında, etkilenen bölge, daha fazla cilt hasarını önlemek için derhal, en az on dakika boyunca su altında tutulmalıdır.
- D) Sıcak sıvıların neden olduğu yanıklar, doku hasarını önlemek için hemen ve en az on dakika akan suyun altında tutulmalıdır.
- E) Sıcak sıvılardan kaynaklanan yanıklarda kişi, yanık bölgeyi vakit kaybetmeden ve en az on dakika boyunca akan suyun altında tutmalıdır.

68. Drones were originally invented for military use; however, they have found wide applications in photography and sports events.

- A) Aslında askerî amaçlarla tasarlanmalarına rağmen insansız hava araçları, günümüzde fotoğrafçılıkta ve spor etkinliklerinde geniş kullanım alanı bulmuştur.
- B) İnsansız hava araçları ilk olarak ordu için icat edilmiş fakat sonra fotoğrafçılıkta ve spor aktivitelerinde çok geniş kullanım alanı bulmuştur.
- C) Başlangıçta askerî amaçlar için geliştirilmiş olsalar da insansız hava araçları, günümüzde fotoğrafçılıkta ve sporda yaygın şekilde kullanılmaktadır.
- D) İnsansız hava araçları, başlangıçta askerî kullanım için icat edilmiş fakat fotoğrafçılıkta ve spor etkinliklerinde geniş kullanım alanı bulmuştur.
- E) İnsansız hava araçları, önce askerî amaçlarla icat edilmiştir fakat günümüzde çoğunlukla fotoğrafçılıkta ve spor etkinliklerinde kullanılmaktadır.

69. Ambiguity, the deliberate use of uncertainty or multiple meanings, invites readers to interpret a text in diverse ways.

- A) Bir metinde kasıtlı olarak yoruma açık anlam bırakma anlamına gelen muğlaklık, okuyucuların metni farklı yorumlamasına neden olur.
- B) Muğlaklık, kasıtlı olarak belirsizlik yaratılması veya birden fazla anlam üretilmesidir ve okuyucuları, metni çeşitli bakış açılarından değerlendirmeye davet eder.
- C) Metni, birden fazla anlama gelecek şekilde bilerek yoruma açık bırakma anlamına gelen muğlaklık, okuyucuyu farklı çıkarımlar yapmaya davet eder.
- D) Muğlaklık, yani metinde anlamın kasten bulanık veya yoruma açık bırakılması, okuyucunun metni farklı biçimlerde yorumlayabilmesine olanak tanır.
- E) Belirsizlik ya da çoklu anlamların kasıtlı olarak kullanılması olan muğlaklık, okuyucuları bir metni farklı şekillerde yorumlamaya davet eder.

70. - 75. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

70. 1215 yılında Magna Carta imzalandıktan sonra, İngiliz hükümdarlarının mutlak gücü giderek sınırlandı.

- A) In 1215, the Magna Carta was signed, gradually limiting the absolute power of every English monarch.
- B) The signing of the Magna Carta in 1215 led to the gradual limitation of the absolute power of English monarchs.
- C) After the Magna Carta was signed in 1215, the absolute power of English monarchs gradually became limited.
- D) In 1215, the Magna Carta was enacted, which led to a gradual reduction in the absolute power of English monarchs.
- E) After 1215, the Magna Carta resulted in the gradual limitation of the absolute power held by English monarchs.

71. Hipotez testi, bir varsayımın doğru olup olmadığını değerlendirmek için çeşitli istatistiksel analiz yöntemleri kullanır.

- A) By using several statistical analysis methods, hypothesis testing evaluates the validity of an assumption.
- B) Hypothesis testing uses various statistical analysis methods to evaluate whether an assumption is correct.
- C) A number of statistical methods are used in hypothesis testing to determine if an assumption is correct.
- D) Hypothesis testing employs multiple statistical analysis techniques to assess the correctness of an assumption.
- E) In hypothesis testing, different methods of statistical analysis are applied to confirm whether an assumption is correct.

72. Bazıları yapışkan dokusundan dolayı sevmese de bamyı bağışıklık sistemini güçlendiren birçok vitamin ve mineral içerir.

- A) Okra, while disliked by some for its sticky texture, contains numerous nutrients that boost the immune system.
- B) Because of its slimy texture, some people do not like okra, but it provides many vitamins and minerals that support the immune system.
- C) Some may dislike okra due to its sticky texture; however, it contains vitamins and minerals that strengthen the immune system.
- D) Okra contains many vitamins and minerals that strengthen the immune system, though some people dislike it due to its slimy texture.
- E) Even though people avoid consuming okra due to its slimy texture, it offers a variety of vitamins and minerals that enhance immunity.

73. Urla Yarımadası, ılıman iklimi ve verimli toprakları nedeniyle eski çağlardan beri cazip bir yerleşim bölgesi olmuştur.

- A) Since ancient times, the Urla Peninsula has been an attractive region of settlement, both for its mild climate and fertile lands.
- B) The Urla Peninsula was an attractive region of settlement in ancient times thanks to its mild climate and fertile lands.
- C) The Urla Peninsula, owing to its mild climate and fertile lands, had been an attractive region of settlement even before antiquity.
- D) Having a mild climate and fertile lands, the Urla Peninsula has been an attractive region of settlement since ancient times.
- E) The Urla Peninsula has been an attractive region of settlement since ancient times due to its mild climate and fertile lands.

74. Soğanları keskin bir bıçakla yavaşça kesmek, göz yaşarmasına neden olan kimyasallara daha az maruz kalınmasını sağlar.

- A) Cutting onions slowly with a sharp knife ensures less exposure to the chemicals that cause lacrimation.
- B) What ensures less exposure to the chemicals that cause lacrimation is cutting onions slowly with a sharp knife.
- C) Using a sharp knife to cut onions slowly ensures less exposure to the chemicals causing lacrimation.
- D) For reduced exposure to the chemicals that cause lacrimation, a sharp knife should be used slowly to cut onions.
- E) Exposure to the chemicals that cause lacrimation can be lessened by cutting onions slowly with a sharp knife.

75. İnsansı robotlar gelişimlerinin erken aşamalarında olsalar da lojistik gibi fiziksel güç gerektiren alanlar için umut vad ediyorlar.

- A) While humanoid robots hold promise for areas requiring physical strength, such as logistics, they are still in the early stages of their development.
- B) Humanoid robots show promise for logistics and similar areas requiring physical strength, even though they are still in the early stages of their development.
- C) Despite being in the early stages of their development, humanoid robots show promise for logistics, an area that demands physical strength.
- D) Although humanoid robots are still in the early stages of their development, they hold promise for areas that require physical strength, such as logistics.
- E) Humanoid robots that show promise for areas demanding physical strength, such as logistics, are still in the early stages of their development, however.

76. - 80. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

76. (I) 19th-century realist novels depicted everyday life with attention to detail. (II) Some novelists also wrote letters and essays that expressed their personal opinions about politics. (III) Characters were drawn from ordinary social classes rather than heroic figures. (IV) Similarly, settings included workplaces, homes, and city streets described with precision. (V) These novels thus provided readers with a mirror of their own environments and social conditions.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) The bootstrap paradox is a concept often explored in science fiction films. (II) It occurs when information, an object, or a person travels back in time and becomes the cause of itself. (III) For example, a character might receive a book from their future self, then later travel back and leave it in the past. (IV) This paradox challenges conventional ideas of cause and effect, leaving audiences questioning the logic of time. (V) Film-makers use different techniques to clarify the paradox and keep the audience engaged.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78. (I) In rural Anatolia, villagers have a co-operative system called *imece* to handle demanding tasks together. (II) Tasks such as harvesting wheat, building houses, or preparing wedding feasts are all carried out collectively. (III) Some scholars argue that it contributed to the resilience of Anatolian villages during wars. (IV) This spirit not only reduces individual burdens but also strengthens social ties within the village. (V) With modernisation, the practice has declined, yet it still survives in many rural places as a reminder of collective solidarity.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

79. (I) In the 16th and 17th centuries, wealthy collectors in Europe often displayed exotic objects, fossils, and artworks in a 'cabinet of curiosities'. (II) The lighting in such a place could make or ruin the appearance of artefacts. (III) These collections combined scientific interest with artistic appeal, allowing visitors to learn while being entertained. (IV) Over time, they inspired more systematic organisation and public accessibility. (V) As a result, these cabinets played an important role in shaping the foundations of modern museums.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

80. (I) Young beekeepers from across Northern Ireland recently came together to show both their theoretical and practical skills. (II) The gathering was part of Belfast's preparations to host the International Meeting of Young Beekeepers in 2026. (III) Organisers stated that engaging the youth in beekeeping would inject fresh energy into the tradition. (IV) During the event, participants took quizzes and practical tests to assess their beekeeping knowledge. (V) Many older beekeepers in the region expressed concern that fewer young people are taking up the practice.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



MEBİ YKS DENEMELERİ 2025-2026
YABANCI DİL TESTİ (YDT) İNGİLİZCE
4. DENEME CEVAP ANAHTARI

**İNGİLİZCE
TESTİ**

1. A	41. A
2. C	42. B
3. B	43. C
4. B	44. D
5. E	45. C
6. B	46. C
7. E	47. A
8. A	48. D
9. C	49. E
10. D	50. A
11. A	51. E
12. E	52. B
13. E	53. C
14. B	54. B
15. C	55. D
16. B	56. A
17. A	57. B
18. C	58. E
19. A	59. C
20. E	60. D
21. C	61. C
22. A	62. B
23. C	63. D
24. D	64. A
25. B	65. B
26. D	66. E
27. E	67. A
28. C	68. D
29. C	69. E
30. A	70. C
31. B	71. B
32. D	72. D
33. E	73. E
34. D	74. A
35. B	75. D
36. D	76. B
37. B	77. E
38. C	78. C
39. A	79. B
40. E	80. E